

PROVINCE OF CANADA

1851

1855-57



1859

1864



DOMINION OF CANADA

"Large Queen" Issue

1868-79



Montreal and Ottawa Printings

"Small Queen" Issue

1870-89



In 1851 the Province of Canada (present-day Ontario and Quebec) began to issue its own postage stamps. Denominations were expressed in pence. In 1859, following the adoption of the decimal system of currency, denominations were expressed in dollars and cents. But a more important event occurred in 1867. With Confederation, Canada became a nation, and the first Dominion issues were released in 1868. With the exception of stamps showing the beaver, Prince Albert, and Jacques Cartier, all of the country's early issues from No. 1 through No. 84 pictured Queen Victoria.

Ottawa Printing

100

5

1888-93

4

55



Like 46
50 C
DEEP BLUE
Scott No. 47

Diamond Jubilee Issue 1897
Queen Victoria, 1837 and 1897

22

3



5 C
DEEP BLUE
Scott No. 54

5 C
YELLOW BROWN
Scott No. 55

5 C
DARK VIOLET
Scott No. 56

10 C
BROWN VIOLET
Scott No. 57

15 C
STEEL BLUE
Scott No. 58

20 C
VERMILION
Scott No. 59

50 C
ULTRAMARINE
Scott No. 60

5 C
LAKE
Scott No. 61

5 C
DARK PURPLE
Scott No. 62

5 C
YELLOW BISTRE
Scott No. 63

5 C
PURPLE
Scott No. 64

5 C
OLIVE GREEN
Scott No. 65

1897-98

20



5 C
BROWN
Scott No. 71

5 C
ORANGE
Scott No. 72

10 C
BROWN
VIOLET
Scott No. 73

1898-1902



6 C BROWN Scott No. 80	7 C OLIVE YELLOW Scott No. 81	8 C ORANGE Scott No. 82	10 C BROWN VIOLET Scott No. 83	20 C OLIVE GREEN Scott No. 84
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12 Imperial Penny Postage Issue 1898



14 1903-08



11 Quebec 300th Anniversary Issue 1908



The Quebec Issue, which marked the 300th anniversary of the city, was Canada's third commemorative series. The first, the Diamond Jubilee Issue of 1897, honoured the sixtieth year of the reign of Queen Victoria and contained the highest stamp denominations in the country's history. The Imperial Penny Postage Issue of 1898 noted the introduction of the 2¢ letter rate in the British Empire. This stamp was issued on December 7, but did not become postally valid until December 25. Because of the inscription "XMAS 1898", it is sometimes called Canada's first Christmas Issue. It is also unique because of its three-colour format.

50



127 8 60 6 3



7

Coil Stamps
Perf. 8
Horizontally

1 C DARK GREEN Scott No. 123	2 C CARMINE Scott No. 124
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2 C CARMINE Scott No. 132	2 C YELLOW GREEN Scott No. 133	3 C BROWN Scott No. 134
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George V Types of 1912-25 Imperforate	2 C GREEN Scott No. 137	3 C CARMINE Scott No. 138	No. 109 Surcharged 2 CENTS On 3 C CARMINE Scott No. 139	2 CENTS On 3 C CARMINE Scott No. 140
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Stamps of 1912-25 picturing King George V are sometimes called the "Admirals" because the King is shown in the full dress uniform of an Admiral of the Fleet of the British Royal Navy.

1927-29

44



5



< 30



3 C
DARK
CARMINE
Scott No. 151

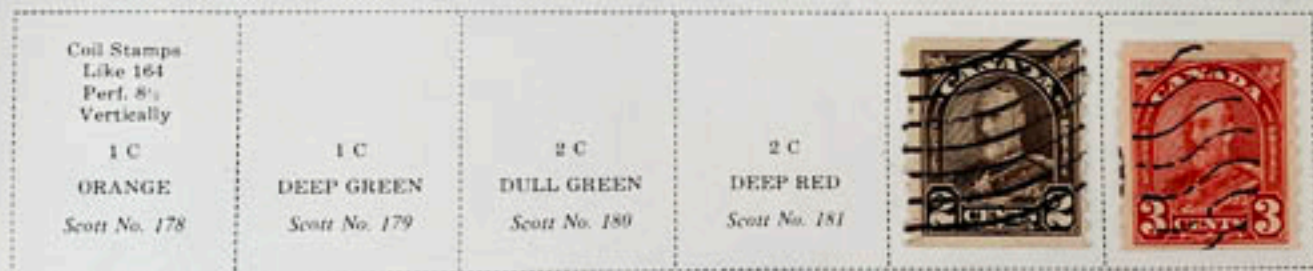


Coil Stamps
Perf. 8
Vertically
1 C
ORANGE
Scott No. 160

22



Nos. 141-45 were issued for the sixtieth anniversary of Confederation (1867-1927). The series shows two early prime ministers, Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir Wilfred Laurier, the painting "Fathers of Confederation" by Robert Harris, Parliament buildings in Quebec, and a map of Canada. Nos. 146-48, known as the "D'Arcy" series, were issued for the centennial of the arrival of the first immigrants to Canada.



In July of 1932 Ottawa hosted an Imperial Economic Conference. To honour the event, the Canada Post Office issued a series of commemorative stamps which included Nos. 192-94 and a surcharged airmail issue, No. C4. Pictured here are King George V, the Prince of Wales (later the Duke of Windsor), who



The Silver Jubilee Issue of 1935 (Nos. 211-16) celebrated the 25th anniversary of the reign of King George V. The stamps were designed by the artist D. M. ... and members of the ...

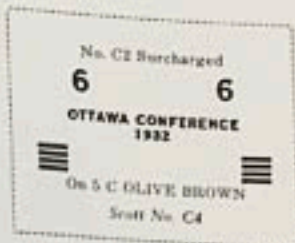




The War Effort Issue of 1942-43 (Nos. 249-67) publicized the Canadian contribution to the Allied effort of World War II. Pictured are King George VI in various military uniforms and

AIR POST STAMPS

1928-46



AIR POST SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMPS

1942-47



Like CE1
17 C
BRIGHT ULTRAMARINE
Scott No. CE2



Like CE3
Grave accent (´) on
second "E" of "EXPRES"
17 C
BRIGHT ULTRAMARINE
Scott No. CE4

Air Post and Air Post Special Delivery stamps were issued from 1928 to 1947. The separate airmail service was discontinued in 1949 when Canada introduced "All Up" mail service. This means that, depending on its destination, all domestic first class mail is sent by air when it will speed the service.

SPECIAL DELIVERY STAMPS

1898-1946



1



Like E8
10 C
DARK GREEN
Scott No. E7



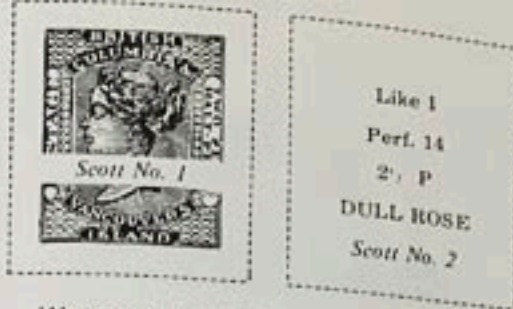
No. E8
Surcharged
≡10 **10≡**
On 20 C
DARK CARMINE
Scott No. E9

3

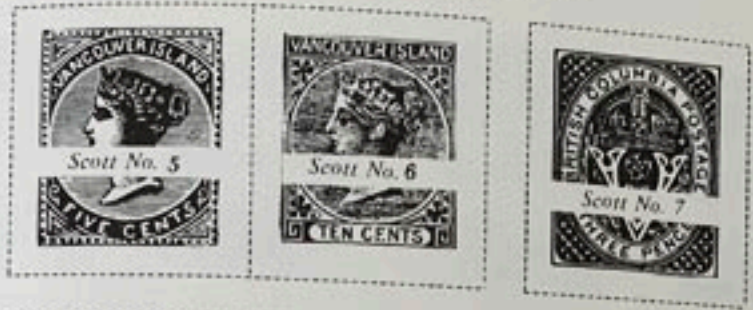
4




The most unusual special delivery stamp Canada issued is No. E3, released in 1927. It commemorates the sixtieth anniversary of Confederation and was issued in conjunction with the regular Confederation commemoratives (Nos. 141-45). Another special delivery stamp, No. E10, is considered by some collectors as part of the War Effort Issue of 1942 because it pictures the flags of the armed services.



Watermarked Crown and C. C.



 Scott No. 8	Nos. 9-13 Like 7 Perf. 14 5 C BRIGHT RED Scott No. 9	10 C LILAC ROSE Scott No. 10	25 C ORANGE Scott No. 11	50 C VIOLET Scott No. 12	\$1 GREEN Scott No. 13
Nos. 14-18 Like 7 Perf. 12 5 C BRIGHT RED Scott No. 14	10 C LILAC ROSE Scott No. 15	25 C ORANGE Scott No. 16	50 C VIOLET Scott No. 17	\$1 GREEN Scott No. 18	

NEW BRUNSWICK

1851-63

Unwatermarked



The stamps of British Columbia and New Brunswick were replaced by those of Canada when the provinces joined the Confederation. New Brunswick, one of the founding provinces, joined in 1871.

NEWFOUNDLAND

1857-94

Unwatermarked



Thick Wave Paper
Imperforate
Like 1
5 P
BROWN VIOLET
Scott No. 5



No. 11-12A
Like 1-3
Thin Wave Paper
2 P
ORANGE
Scott No. 11

5 P
VIOLET
BROWN
Scott No. 12A



Nos. 15A-23
Like 1-9
1 P
VIOLET
BROWN
Scott No. 15A

2 P
ROSE
Scott No. 17

1 P
ROSE
Scott No. 18

5 P
REDDISH
BROWN
Scott No. 19

6 P
ROSE
Scott No. 20

6 1/2 P
ROSE
Scott No. 21

8 P
ROSE
Scott No. 22

1 S
ROSE
Scott No. 23



Like 28
12 C
BROWN ON WHITE
Scott No. 29



Newfoundland, England's first oversea colony, has a long postal history. The first known letter mailed from Canada was sent from St. John's in 1527. Approximately three centuries later, the island's first postmaster was appointed. Adhesive stamps were introduced in 1857. From that date until 1949, when Newfoundland issued its own postage stamps.

Unwatermarked



Like 32
Re-engraved
1 C
BROWN
LILAC
Scott No. 32A



Nos. 34-36
Like 33
3 C
BLUE
Scott No. 34

6 C
DULL ROSE
Scott No. 35

6 C
CARMINE
LAKE
Scott No. 36

Boilette
Like 24
2 C
GREEN
Scott No. 38

Like 32
1 C
BROWN
LILAC
Scott No. 37

Like 33
3 C
BLUE
Scott No. 39

Like 25
5 C
BLUE
Scott No. 40



1 C
BROWN
Scott No. 43



Nos. 47-48
Like 46
2 C
GREEN
Scott No. 47



3 C
VIOLET
BROWN
Scott No. 52



In 1965 Newfoundland issued stamps picturing a codfish (No. 24) and a seal (No. 25). These were the first of many stamps which pictured the area's abundant, and commercially important, wildlife. Fishing, especially for cod, has been Newfoundland's main industry since Cabot's 1497 voyage of discovery.

NEWFOUNDLAND

1897-1908
Unwatermarked



Nos. 75-77 Like 60 Surecharged ONE CENT On 3 C GRAY LILAC Scott No. 75	ONE CENT On 3 C GRAY LILAC Scott No. 76	ONE CENT On 3 C GRAY LILAC Scott No. 77
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Newfoundland's first commemorative series was the Cabot Issue (Nos. 61-74). These stamps commemorate the 400th anniversary (1497-1897) of John Cabot's discovery of Newfoundland and the sixtieth year of Queen Victoria's reign (No. 61). The portrait on No. 62, intended to be of John Cabot, is said to be a Holbein painting of his son, Sebastian. Stamps in the series also picture the natural

NEWFOUNDLAND

1937-39

Watermarked Multiple Crown and Script C. A.



Watermarked Coat of Arms in Sheet



Unwatermarked



Royalty dominated the stamps of 1935-39. The 1935 Silver Jubilee Issue (Nos. 226-29) marked the 25th year of the reign of King George V. In 1937 the Coronation Issue (Nos. 230-32) for King George VI and Queen Elizabeth was released. In 1939, Nos. 240-51 commemorated the Royal Couple's visit to Newfoundland.